## CENSUS BULLETIN \#3

## Families, households, marital status and language

## August 8, 2017

## Bulletin Highlights:

-The average number of persons per household in Brampton was 3.5 in 2016 and the average number of children per census family is at 1.9.
-English remained the main language spoken at home in Brampton according to the 2016 Census. Punjabi and Urdu were the second and third most spoken languages at home.
-The percentage of Brampton's population who only speak a non-official language most often at home has almost doubled from 14.8 per cent in 1996 to 27.8 per cent in 2016.

## Brampton Highlights

## FAMILIES AND LANGUAGE FROM THE 2016 CENSUS

| Language | Population | $\%$ of <br> population |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| English | 345,400 | $58.38 \%$ |
| Punjabl (Panjabi) | 79,705 | $13.47 \%$ |
| Urdu | 12,950 | $2.19 \%$ |
| Gujarati | 10,695 | $1.81 \%$ |
| Tamil | 8,540 | $1.44 \%$ |
| Hindl | 7,355 | $1.24 \%$ |
| Spanish | 5,880 | $0.99 \%$ |
| Portuguese | 4,350 | $0.74 \%$ |
| Tagalog (Pillpino, <br> Frilipino) | 4,235 | $0.72 \%$ |
| Vietnamese | 3,100 | $0.52 \%$ |
| Polish | 2,340 | $0.39 \%$ |
|  |  |  |


| 88 |
| :---: |
| 2 persons ................ 56,460 |
| 723 |
| 3 persons ............... 39,955 |
| 178\% |
| 4 persons ................ 47,710 |
| 78354 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { or more } \\ & \text { persons ................... 20,395 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Average size <br> of familles. $\qquad$ 3.2 |



BRAMPTON

## Brampton Highlights

## City of Brampton Highlights

In 2016 Brampton had a total population of 593,368 , an increase of 13.3 per cent from the 2011 Census. Brampton had the 2 nd highest growth rate among Canada's 25 largest cities. At 69,727 Brampton had the 4th largest net increase in population among Canada's largest cities. At 36.5, Brampton had the lowest average age among Canada's largest cities.

The 2016 Census counted 262,150 persons or 55 per cent of the population aged 15 and over $(473,395)$ that were legally married (and not separated), up from 230,605 in 2011.

Single persons (never married) represented 30 per cent. Only 4 per cent of the population are common law couples.

In 2016, Brampton had 164,525 census families (which consist of a couple living together with or without children or a lone-parent living with at least one child). Almost three-quarters (69.6\%) of Brampton's couples lived with children in 2016.


## City of Brampton - Families, Households and Dwelling Characteristics

## Married \& Common-law couples, 2016

| 41,360 | 31,035 | 44,440 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 19,125 |
| Without <br> children at | 1 child | 2 children | 3 or more <br> children |

The 2016 Census counted 164,525 families in Brampton, an increase of 13.2\% from 2011.

There were 94,600 families (married \& common-law couples) with children at home and 41,360 without children at home. According to the 2016 Census, 14.1\% of married and common-law couples had three or more children and $15.9 \%$ of lone-parent families reported having this many children.

## City of Brampton - Families, Households and Dwelling Characteristics

## Total number of private households by household

 size

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of private households in Brampton increased by 18,739 units to a total of 168,010.

The average number of persons in private households was 3.5.

In 2016, the proportion of young adults aged 20 to 34 living with at least one parent was $56.9 \%$ compared to $52.9 \%$ in 2011.

City of Brampton - Number of Families Top 15 Municipalities by Population

| Municipality | Population 2016 | Population density per square kilometre | Average household size | Census-family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Toronto | 2,731,571 | 4,334 | 2.4 | 718,750 |
| Montréal | 1,704,694 | 4,662 | 2.1 | 419,750 |
| Calgary | 1,239,220 | 1,501 | 2.6 | 337,125 |
| Ottawa | 934,243 | 335 | 2.5 | 254,770 |
| Edmonton | 932,546 | 1,361 | 2.5 | 247,020 |
| Mississauga | 721,599 | 2,468 | 3.0 | 202,205 |
| Winnipeg | 705,244 | 1,519 | 2.5 | 189,400 |
| Vancouver | 631,486 | 5,493 | 2.2 | 160,855 |
| Brampton | 593,638 | 2,229 | 3.5 | 164,525 |
| Hamilton | 536,917 | 481 | 2.5 | 149,355 |
| Québec | 531,902 | 1,173 | 2.0 | 142,925 |
| Surrey | 517,887 | 1,637 | 3.0 | 144,495 |
| Laval | 422,993 | 1,711 | 2.6 | 117,055 |
| Halifax | 403,131 | 73 | 2.3 | 113,560 |
| London | 383,822 | 913 | 2.3 | 104,190 |

## City of Brampton - Population by Mother Tongue

According to the 2016 Census, 50.80 per cent $(284,935)$ of the respondents reported English as their mother tongue, compared to 54.04 \% $(269,790)$ in 2011. (Single responses)

Close to 0.79 per cent $(4,420)$ of the respondents claimed French as their mother tongue, lower than 0.88 per cent $(4,375)$ in 2011 . (Single responses)

An increasing number of respondents reported a nonofficial language in Brampton as their mother tongue. The 2016 Census revealed that 48.41 per cent $(271,540)$ of respondents first spoke a language other than English or French, up from 45.08 per cent $(225,065)$ in 2011. (Single responses)

Population by Mother Tongue, 2016 (Single Reponses)

0.79\% Francophone

Allophone
City of Brampton - Language Composition - Mother Tongue

## Mother Tongue in Brampton, 2016



## City of Brampton Population by Mother Tongue



The allophone population (those with a non-official language as mother tongue) experienced a 3.33 per cent increase over the 2011 Census. The number of allophones increased by 49.81 per cent since the 2006 Census. Allophones represent a significant proportion of population growth in Brampton.

The 2016 Census showed that 110,710 individuals reported Punjabi as mother tongue, accounting for 19.74 per cent of the total population an increase of 19,365 people in comparison to 2011.

Punjabi remained the leading non-official language in Brampton followed by Urdu and Gujarati.

Gujarati, saw the largest increase, growing by 51.72 per cent since the last census in 2011.

The top three non-official mother tongues (Punjabi, Urdu and Gujarati) accounted for more than 54 per cent of the allophone population in Brampton.

## City of Brampton - Mother Tongue Languages by Age Group

The language composition of Brampton included 115 different languages listed as mother tongue in the 2016 Census, compared to the 89 languages reported in 2011, further underscoring Brampton's status as a growing multilingual city.

Brampton's population who speak a language other than English varies by age.

A higher percentage of the population aged 0 to 24 years report English as their mother tongue, while those aged 25 years and older show more of a balance between English and another languages.

## \% Population by Mother Tongue and Age Group, 2016

70\%
60\%
50\%
40\%
30\%
20\%
10\%
0\%


0 to 1415 to 2425 to 3435 to 4445 to 5455 to 6465 to 7475 to 8485 years years years years years years years years years and over

English $\quad$ Non-official language

City of Brampton - Top Languages Spoken Most Often At Home

| Language spoken most often at home | Population | \% of Population |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total (Brampton) | 591,670 | $100.00 \%$ |
| English | 345,400 | $58.38 \%$ |
| Punjabi (Panjabi) | 79,705 | $13.47 \%$ |
| Urdu | 12,950 | $2.19 \%$ |
| Gujarati | 10,695 | $1.81 \%$ |
| Tamil | 8,540 | $1.44 \%$ |
| Hindi | 7,355 | $1.24 \%$ |
| Spanish | 5,880 | $0.99 \%$ |
| Portuguese | 4,350 | $0.74 \%$ |
| Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino) | 4,235 | $0.72 \%$ |
| Vietnamese | 3,100 | $0.52 \%$ |

$\%$ of the population whose mother tongue is a non-official language only

\% of population whose mother tongue is English (Single Response)

\% of population whose mother tongue is French (Single Response)
1.4
1.2
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
 BRAMPTON brampon.co Hower City

## Glossary

## Knowledge of Official Languages

Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both languages or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

## Mother tongue

Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned, the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned two languages at the same time in early childhood, the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has two mother tongues only if the two languages were used equally often and are still understood by the person. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. The child has two mother tongues only if both languages are spoken equally often so that the child learns both languages at the same time.

## First official language spoken

First official language spoken is specified within the framework of the Official Languages Act. It refers to the first official language (i.e., English or French) spoken by the person.

## Language spoken most often at home

Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of data collection. A person can report more than one language as 'spoken most often at home' if the languages are spoken equally often.

## Single responses

A single response occurs when a respondent provides one mother tongue only.

## Anglophone

The population with the English language as mother tongue

## Francophone

The population with the French language as mother tongue

## Allophone

The population with a non-official language as mother tongue
n.i.e. $=$ not included elsewhere
n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

The following table outlines the scheduled release dates of 2016 Census data by Statistics Canada. Also included is a brief description of each release. For more information about the 2016 Census visit Statistics Canada's website www.statcan.gc.ca.

|  | Release date | Release topic |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\checkmark$ | February 8, 2017 | Population and dwelling counts |
| $\checkmark$ | May 3, 2017 | Age and sex <br> Type of dwelling |
| $\checkmark$ | May 10, 2017 | Census of Agriculture |
| $\checkmark$ | August 2, 2017 | Families, households and marital status <br> Language |
|  | September 13, 2017 | Income |
|  | October 25, 2017 | Immigration and ethnocultural diversity <br> Housing <br> Aboriginal peoples |
|  | Education <br> Labour <br> Journey to work <br> Language of work <br> Mobility and migration |  |

## Contact Information

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